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## 11—53.4(8A) Pay administration.

**53.4(1)** *Employees*. The director shall assign classes to pay plans and grades and shall assign employees to classes. Employees shall be paid either at one of the established steps or at a rate between the minimum and maximum of the pay grade of the class to which assigned. Pay decisions shall be at the discretion of the appointing authority, unless otherwise provided for in this chapter or by the director.

- **53.4(2)** Appointed officials. Unless otherwise provided for in the Iowa Code or these rules, the staff of the governor, full-time board and commission members, department directors, deputy directors, division administrators, independent agency heads and others whose appointments are provided for by law or who are appointed by the governor may be granted pay increases of any amount at any time within the pay grade of the class or position to which appointed.
- **53.4(3)** *Total compensation.* An employee shall not receive any pay other than that provided for the discharge of assigned duties, unless employed by the state in another capacity or specifically authorized in the Iowa Code, an Act of the general assembly or these rules.
- **53.4(4)** *Part-time employment.* Pay for part-time employment shall be proportionate to full-time employment and based on hourly rates.
- **53.4(5)** *Effective date of changes.* All pay changes shall be effective on the first day of a pay period, unless otherwise approved by the director. Original appointments, reemployment and reinstatements shall be effective on the employee's first day of work.
- **53.4(6)** General pay increases. The director shall administer general pay increases for employees that have been authorized by the legislature and approved by the governor. An employee in a noncontract class whose pay has been red-circled above the maximum pay rate of the class to which assigned shall not receive a general pay increase, unless specifically authorized by the Acts of the general assembly or otherwise provided for in these rules.
- **53.4(7)** Pay corrections. An employee's pay shall be corrected if it is found to be in violation of these rules or a collective bargaining agreement. If the correction is the result of an error or omission, the pay may be corrected within 12 pay periods following the date the employee's pay was incorrectly set or the transaction that should have occurred was omitted. Corrections shall be made on the first day of a pay period.
- a. Retroactive pay. An employee may receive retroactive pay for a period of up to 90 calendar days preceding the date the error was corrected or the omission occurred. Requests for retroactive pay beyond 90 calendar days or which extend into a previous fiscal year must be submitted to the state appeal board.
- b. Overpayment and underpayment. If an error results in an employee's being overpaid for wages, except for FICA, state and federal income taxes and IPERS contributions shall be collected. Also, premiums for health, dental and life insurance benefits that have been underpaid shall be subject to collection. An employee may choose to repay the amount from wages in the pay period following discovery of the error, have the overpayment deducted from succeeding pay periods not to exceed the number of pay periods during which the overpayment occurred, or the employee or appointing authority may submit an alternate repayment plan to the director. The director shall notify the appointing authority of the decision on the alternate repayment plan. The appointing authority shall submit the repayment plan on forms prescribed by the department beginning with the document correcting the employee's pay. If the employee terminates, the amount remaining shall be deducted from wages, vacation payout, applicable sick leave payout and any wage correction payback from IPERS.